26572. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 10 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38146. Sample no. 9489-C.)

This case involved blueberries that were infested with maggots.

On August 5, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 4, 1936, by Kostick Bros., from Beaver Meadows, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant appearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26573. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 5 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38147. Sample no. 9490-C.)

This case involved blueberries that were infested with maggots.

On August 5, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 4, 1936, by H. J. Dougherty, from Tuscarora, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant appearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26574. Adulteration of huckleberries. U. S. v. 5 Crates of Fresh Huckleberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38148. Sample no. 9488- C.)

This case involved huckleberries that were infested with maggets.

On August 5, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five crates of huckleberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 4, 1936, by A. Grossinger, from Eynon, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant appearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26575. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 17 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 38152. Sample no. 9021–C.)

This case involved butter that was deficient in milk fat.

On August 7, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 17 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 27, 1936, by the Johnson Stores Co., from Michigan, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On August 12, 1936, Johnson Stores Co., having appeared as claimant and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond to be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.